

Supplement Table 53. Literature search strategy for KQ22: early versus delayed enteral nutrition in adult trauma patients

Database	PubMed, Cochrane library, Embase	
Population	Brain injury	("traumatic brain injury" OR "TBI" OR "head injury" OR "brain trauma" OR "severe head injury")
	Spinal cord injury	("spinal cord injury" OR "SCI" OR "acute spinal cord injury" OR "traumatic spinal cord injury" OR "cervical spinal cord injury")
	Abdominal trauma	("abdominal trauma" OR "abdominal injury" OR "abdominal injuries" OR "blunt abdominal trauma" OR "penetrating abdominal trauma" OR "abdominal trauma surgery")
Intervention	("early enteral nutrition" OR "enteral nutrition" OR "early nutrition")	
Comparator	("delayed enteral nutrition" OR "late enteral nutrition")	
Outcomes	Mortality, ICU/hospital length of stay	
Study design	Randomized controlled trials	
Language	English	
Search period	2010.01.01 ~ 2025.02.28	

The primary search period was set from 2010 onward. However, due to the limited number of eligible studies on early enteral nutrition in patients with spinal cord injury, two clinically relevant randomized controlled trials published in 2004 were additionally included.

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